Low FODMAP Guide

The Low FODMAP Diet is designed to help reduce bloating, gas, and stomach discomfort by limiting certain carbohydrates that can be hard to digest. Use this guide to see which foods are low FODMAP (friendly for your gut) and which are high FODMAP (best to limit or avoid).

Low FODMAP

Fruits: Banana, blueberry,
mandarin, orange, pineapple, kiwi
fruit, passionfruit, grapes,
honeydew melon

Vegetables: Carrot, celery, lettuce, eggplant, zucchini, green beans, bok choy, cucumber, capsicum, potatoes, tomatoes, spinach, parsnip

Dairy: Lactose-free milk, hard cheeses (cheddar, parmesan), feta, camembert, lactose-free yogurt, almond or rice milk

Grains: Gluten-free bread and cereals, rice, quinoa, sourdough spelt bread, corn pasta

Proteins: Eggs, meat (beef, chicken, pork, fish), tofu (firm), shellfish

Sweeteners: Maple syrup, golden syrup, sucrose (table sugar)

Others: Garlic-infused oil (no garlic pieces), coffee, tea, herbs and spices not containing onion or garlic

High FODMAP

Fruits: Apples, pears, peaches, cherries, mango, watermelon, apricots, blackberries, nectarines

Vegetables: Onion, garlic, asparagus, cauliflower, mushrooms, artichoke, snow peas, Brussels sprouts, cabbage

Dairy: Milk (cow, goat, sheep), yogurt, soft cheeses (ricotta, cottage cheese), ice cream

Grains: Wheat, rye, barley, regular pasta, couscous, most commercial baked goods containing wheat

Legumes: Baked beans, kidney beans, lentils (in larger amounts)

Sweeteners: Honey, high fructose corn syrup, sorbitol, mannitol, xylitol, maltitol

Others: Certain processed foods containing high FODMAP ingredients or sweeteners ending in "-ol"